

For EUROPE & AMERICA,
INDIA, AUSTRALIA, &c. and for
PRIVATE RESIDENTS AT THE
OUTPOSTS.
A Comprehensive and Complete
Record of the
NEWS OF THE FAR EAST
is given in the
**HONGKONG WEEKLY
PRESS.**
with which is incorporated the
CHINA OVERLAND TRADE EXPORT,
Subscription, paid in advance, \$12
per annum. Postage to any part of
the World \$2.

Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857

READY SHORTLY
THE
DIRECTORY & CHRONICLE
FOR 1907.
Complete Edition \$10.00
Small " " 6.00
Orders may be sent to the
Hongkong Daily Press Office and
to the Local Booksellers

No. 15,231, 號一十三百二千五萬一第 日四十二月二十年二十三第光 HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6TH, 1907. 二拜禮 號六月二年七零百九千一英港幣 PRICE, \$3 PER MONTH.

**CIGAR DEALERS AND
TOBACCONISTS.**
LAMBERT AND BUTLERS
GARRICK CIGARETTES
VIRGINIA BLEND
In Air Tight Tins of 50.

**A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.**
ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.
a1189

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY
PORTLAND CEMENT.
In Casks 375 lbs. net \$4.50 per cask ex Factory.
In Bags 250 lbs. net \$2.70 per bag ex Factory.
SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 3rd October, 1906. a2244

**AUTOMATIC MAUSER
PISTOLS.**

CALIBRE 7.63 mm.
With CHAMBER for 10 CARTRIDGES
FIRING 10 SHOTS in 2 SECONDS.
SIEMSEN & CO.
Hongkong, 3rd October, 1905 46

NEW CARTRIDGES.

BY Popular English Manufacturers. In
all Bores and Sizes.
**SMOKELESS POWDER and CHILLED
SHOT.** From No. 10 to 888G. at \$5.27 and
\$7.50 per 100. SPORTING REQUISITES
and AIR GUNS in Variety.
Inspection Invited.
WM. SCHMIDT & CO.
Hongkong, 26th October, 1906. (1924)

**HONGKONG HIGH-LEVEL TRAM
WAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.**
In Liquidation.

TIME TABLE

WEEK DAYS.
7.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. ... Every 10 minutes.
9.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. ... Every 15 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. ... Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. ... Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.
3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. ... Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS.
8.45 p.m. & 9.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.
Extra cars at 11.30 p.m. and 11.45 p.m.
SUNDAYS.
9.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. ... Every 15 minutes.
9.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. ... Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. ... Every 10 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m. ... Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. ... Every 15 minutes.
7.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. ... Every 10 minutes.
**NIGHT CARS at 8.45 p.m. & 9.00 p.m., 9.45 to
11.15 p.m., every half hour.**
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Com-
pany's Office, Alexandra Buildings, Des Vaux
Road Central.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON
Liquidators.
Hongkong, 27th August, 1906. 1824

**MITSU BISHI GOSHI-KWAISHA
(MITSU BISHI CO.)**
COAL DEPARTMENT
MARUNO-UCHI, TOKIO.

Cable Address, "IWASAKI"
which applies to all Branch Offices.
at ABC 5th Ed. Western Union Codes used.
All Letters Addressed:
MANAGER, MITSU BISHI CO.,
with name of place under
BRANCH OFFICES:
**NAGASAKI, MOJI, KOBE, KAPATSU
SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, L.D.
HANKOW.**
AGENTS:
**YOKOHAMA: M. ASADA, Esq.
CHINKIANG: Messrs. GEARING & Co.
MANILA: Messrs. MACDONALD & Co.
SOLE PROPRIETORS of Takashima,
Ochi, Shinzawa, Namazawa and Kami-Yamada
Collieries, and also Hagi Colliery, which will
shortly be ready to produce on a large scale the
best Hagen Coal.
The Head and Branch Offices and the
Agencies of the Company will receive any order
for Coals produced from the above Collieries.
T. MATSUKI, Manager, Hongkong:
No. 2, Pender Street.
(63)**

DENTAL SURGEON,
G. DE PERINDORGE.

DIPLOMA: PARIS.
LATEST IMPROVEMENTS, INCLUDING
PORCELAIN FILLINGS.
3rd Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS,
PEDDER STREET

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

STOCKTAKING SALE.

FEBRUARY 6TH TO 16TH.

GREAT REDUCTIONS FOR CASH ONLY

IN THE
**GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTING
HARDWARE FURNISHING
AND
LADIES' DEPARTMENTS.**

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

Hongkong, 4th February, 1907. a33

HIRANO.

THE LEADING MINERAL WATER OF THE EAST.

THE HIRANO MINERAL WATER CO., LD., KOBE.

AGENTS: F. BLACKHEAD & CO. 1588

JAPAN COALS.
**MITSU BUSSAN KAISHA
(MITSU & CO.)**
HEAD OFFICE: 1, SURUGA-CHO, TOKYO.
LONDON BRANCH: 34, LIME STREET, E.C.
HONGKONG BRANCH: PRINCE'S BUILDINGS, (Joo House Street).
OTHER BRANCHES:
New York, San Francisco, Hamburg, Bombay, Singapore, Sourabaya, Manila, Amoy, Shanghai,
Chefoo, Tientsin, Newchwang, Port Arthur, Seoul, Chemulpo, Yokohama, Yokosuka,
Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Kure, Shimotsuki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Karatsu, Nagasaki, Ku-
chinotsu, Sasebo, Maiduru Mike, Hakodate, Tsipoh, &c.
Telegraphic Address: "MITSU" (A.B.C. and A.I. Codes).

CONTRACTORS OF COAL to the Imperial Japanese Navy and Armies and the State
Railways; Principal Railway Companies and Industrial Works; Home and Foreign Mail
and Freight Steamers.
SOLE PROPRIETORS of the Famous Miike, Tagawa, Yamano and Ida Coal Mines and
SOLE AGENTS for Hokoku, Honjo, Kanada, Fujinotsu, Mameda, Mannoura, Onoura
Otsuji, Sasabara Tanaburo, Yoshinotsu, Yoshio, Yunkibara, and other Coals.
M. KOBAYASHI, Manager, Hongkong.

**CHAMPAGNES,
SHERRIES,
PORTS,
MARSALES and MADEIRAS,
CLARETS,
BURGUINDIES,
HOCKS and MOSELLES,
BRANDIES,
WHISKIES,
GIN,
LIQUEURS,
BITTERS,
ALES, BEERS and STOUTS.**

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.,
WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 19th December, 1906. a34

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

LONDON, INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.
ESTABLISHED 1815.

	Per Case.
BRANDY * * * *	\$21.50
" * * *	19.00
" * *	16.00
WHISKY, PALL MALL	19.00
" JOHN WALKER & SONS'	
" OLD HIGHLAND	12.00
" C. P. & CO.'S SPECIAL	
" BLEND	10.00
PORT WINE, INVALIDS	19.00
" DOURO	13.00
" SHERRY, AMOROSO	19.00
" LA TORRE	15.25
BENEDICTINE, D.O.M.	40.50

THE ABOVE EXCLUSIVELY SHIPPED TO

SIEMSEN & CO.

HONGKONG AGENTS.

KELLY & WALSH, LD.

THE TREASURE OF HEAVEN, by Marie Corelli	\$1.50
TALLY HO! by Helen Mathers	1.50
BENITA, by H. Rider Haggard	1.50
THE LADY EVELYN, by Max Pemberton	1.50
TO A NUN CONFESS'D, by Irene Osgood	1.50
A LADY OF ROME, by F. Marion Crawford	1.50
THE TRAMMEL OF FAITH, by Carl Jonbert	1.50
FERWICK'S CAREER, by Mrs. Humphrey Ward	1.75
THE ILLUSTrious O'HAGAN, by J. H. McCarthy	1.50
THE OLD COUNTRY, by H. Newbolt	1.50
THE SENTIMENTALISTS, by R. H. Benson	1.50
THE SPOILS OF VICTORY, by D. Paul Neuman	1.50
THE SOUL STEALER, by C. Ranger Gull	1.50
SH NIGEL, by Conyn Doyle	1.50
CHIPPING, by Stanley Weyman	1.50
WHITE FANG, by Jack London	1.50
WHITAKER'S ALMANACK ... 80 cts. & \$2.00	
HAZELL'S ANNUAL	2.75
THE "DAILY MAIL" YEAR BOOK	0.40
THE JAPAN YEAR BOOK	3.50
THE CHINA COASTERS' TIDE BOOK AND NAUTICAL POCKET MANUAL	2.50
RACE BOOKS	\$2.00
GARDENING FOR HONGKONG, by W. J. Titcher	1.00
WAYS THAT ARE DARK, SOME CHAP- TER ON CHINESE ETIQUETTE AND SOCIAL PROCEDURE, by W. Gilbert Walsh	3.00
THE UNIVERSAL ORDER, OR CONDUCT OF LIFE, A CONFUCIAN CATECHISM, by Ku Hsing Ming	2.00
SOME CHINESE GHOSTS, by Lefcadie Heard	3.50
PORCELAINE, A SKETCH OF ITS NATURE, ART AND MANUFACTURE, by W. Burton	5.50
DRAGON AND COBURNET, A FORM FOUNDED ON AN ANTIQUE CHINESE PLAY, by L. E. Elphinstone	1.25
EARLY CHINESE HISTORY, ARE THE CHINESE CLASSICS FORGED, by H. J. Allen	3.50
THE RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR PART I. COMPILED BY THE GENERAL STAFF, WAR OFFICE, WITH MAPS LETTERS TO A CHINESE OFFICIAL, A WESTERN VIEW OF EASTERN CIVILIZATION, by W. J. Bryant	1.75
AMERICAN CONSULAR JURISDICTION IN THE ORIENT, by F. E. Hinchley	8.50
THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS: EM- BRACING THE WHOLE PERIOD OF SPANISH RULE, WITH AN ACCOUNT OF THE SUCCEEDING AMERICAN FOREMAN; 3rd Edition, Revised and Enlarged; Illustrations & Maps	12.50
ARDATH TOBACCO, MILD, MEDIUM AND FULL STRENGTH.	a31



**MACKIE'S
WHITE HORSE CELLAR**
THE UNRIVALLED SCOTCH WHISKY
\$13.00 PER DOZEN.
LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.
SOLE AGENTS.

"BILLIARDS"
GUE New Patent Low Set Express Cushions can be fitted to any BILLIARD TABLE,
making it for playing purposes as good as new.
Freight on a case of Cushions to Bombay, Rs. 4/- only.

BEST AFRICAN IVORY BILLIARD BALLS
THOROUGHLY SEASONED.
CRYSTALINE AND BONZOLINE BALLS ALL SIZES.
WEST OF ENGLAND BILLIARD CLOTHS A SPECIALITY.
**WE HOLD THE LARGEST STOCK OF BILLIARD TABLE ACCESSORIES
AND MATERIALS OUT OF LONDON.**
ALL ORDERS DESPATCHED BY RETURN MAIL STEAMER.
Illustrated price lists, giving prices and particulars of everything pertaining to billiards, can
be had on application from the Offices of this paper.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO., LD.
BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS AND IVORY TURNERS.
BOMBAY.
Hongkong, 6th April, 1904. [798-2]

"HONGKONG DAILY PRESS" PUBLICATIONS.

DIRECTORY AND CHRONICLE OF THE FAR EAST	\$10.00
Do. Do. Small Edition	6.00
DIRECTORY OF PROTESTANT MISSIONARIES IN CHINA; JAPAN AND COREA	0.50
CHILDREN OF FAR CATHAY, a Social and Political Novel, by C. J. Halscombe	3.50
THE JUBILEE OF HONGKONG, being an Historical Sketch to which is added an Account of the Celebra- tions in 1891	1.00
THE HONGKONG TYPHOON, Sept. 18th, Illustrated Account	0.50
TEMPORARY MINING REGULA- TIONS IN CHINA	0.50
REGULATIONS FOR RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION IN CHINA	0.50
HONGKONG HANSARD REPORTS OF THE MEETINGS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, Pub- lished Annually	4.00
MOUNTINGS OF NAVAL GUNS and their Subsequent Use with the Lodgsmith Relief Column	1.00
WARLIKE EXPLOITS OF THE MERCHANT NAVY, by J. E. Featherstonhaugh	1.00
POLITICAL OBSTACLES TO MIS- SIONARY SUCCESS IN CHINA	0.25
TRADE MARK REGULATIONS IN CHINA FROM HONGKONG TO CANTON, BY THE PEARL RIVER, "A Book for the Globetrotter," by Capt. C. V. LLOYD, with Map and illus. HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS, half yearly vol. bound	\$1.25 1.90 7.50
FIFTY YEARS ANGLO-CHINESE CALENDAR, 1854 to 1913	2.00
RATES OF EXCHANGE AT HONGKONG English Mail days 1874 to 1905	2.90
BOMBAY RATES OF EXCHANGE AT HONGKONG, English Mail Days 1874 to 1905	1.00
CALLED OUT: or the Chung Wang's Daughter, an Anglo-Chinese Ro- mance, by Chas. J. H. Halscombe	2.00
FROM PORTSMOUTH TO PEKING, VIA LA DYSMITH, WITH A NAVAL BRIGADE (Cruise of H.M.S. Terrible)	1.00
SKETCH OF THE WEST RIVER	0.25
PLAN OF VICTORIA	1.00
" KOWLOON	0.75
" PEAK, with Map and illus.	0.75
" NEW TERRITORY	0.50
" CANTON	0.50
POWER OF ATTORNEY FORM	0.25

SIEN TING.
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 10, D'AGUILAR STREET.
TERMS VERY MODERATE.
Consultation Free.
Hongkong, 21st September, 1905 1759

DR. M. H. CHAUN.

THE latest Method of the AMERICAN
SYSTEM OF DENTISTRY.
37, Des Vaux Road CENTRAL.
From the University of Pennsylvania, U.S.A.
Hongkong, 4th September 1905. 1671

**DAVID CORSAIR & SON'S
MERCHANT NAVY
NAVY BOILED
LONG FLAX
RELIANCE CROWN
TARPULING
ARNHOLD, KARBURG & CO.
Sole Agents.**
2235

NOTICE TO KOWLOON RESIDENTS

EXTRA COPIES of Daily Press are on
sale daily at the KOWLOON BOOK-
STALL, Mr. H. RUTTON-JONES'S KOWLOON
STORE, No. 38, Elgin Road & Mr. AH YAU'S
FERRY WHARF STALL.
Hongkong, 22nd December, 1903.

HOTELS

HONGKONG HOTEL

FIRST-CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE.
Dining accommodation for 300 Persons
183 Bedrooms
Elegantly furnished Reception Rooms
Private Bar and Billiard Rooms for Hotel
Residents
Hydraulic Lifts to each Floor
Electric Lighting and Fans
Every Comfort
Ladies' Attendants, Tea Rooms
Ladies' Cloak Rooms
Matron in attendance
CHARGES MODERATE, AND NO EXTRAS
a12 H. HAYNES, Manager.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

A HIGH CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL.
Ladies' Afternoon Tea-Rooms.
Private Bar and Billiard-Rooms.
Hot and Cold Water throughout.
Electrically Lighted Electric Fans (if
required).
Electric Passenger Elevator to each floor.
Table d'Hôte at separate tables.
For Terms, &c., apply to the—
MANAGER.
Hongkong, 24th July, 1905. a264

"KINGSCLERE," PRIVATE HOTEL.

APPROACH FROM KENNEDY ROAD AND
MACDONNELL ROAD.
Telephone No. 134. "SACHSOLA."
Telegraphic Address: A.B.C. Code, 5th Ed.
ELECTRIC LIGHT, Hot and Cold Water
throughout. Billiards, Tennis, Croquet,
putting green and fine stabling for horses.
Proprietress, MRS. G. SACHSE.

"BOA VISTA" (HOTEL-SANITARIUM OF SOUTH CHINA). MACAO.

HAS been re-opened under European
management and most strict supervision
as to food, cleanliness, and hygiene of the place.
All comforts of a home.
A most pleasant retreat for those desirous of
a few days' rest and quiet.
Comfortable accommodation for travellers
paying a visit to the historical and picturesque
colony of Macao.
Macao is 40 miles south-west of Hongkong
One steamer (s.s. *Houam*) daily to and from
Hongkong, and two steamers to and from Can-
ton, give easy communication with both these
centres.
Cable Address—"BOAVISTA."
For Terms, apply
THE MANAGER.
a217

VICTORIA HOTEL. TELEGRAMS—VICTORIA—SHAMSEEN SHAMSEEN—CANTON. (on the British Consession). F.E. DE BEAUREPAIRE (Late of Australia) MANAGER.

MACAO HOTEL. TELEGRAMS—FARMER—MACAO. MACAO, CHINA. In the Centre of the Praya Grande.

Both Hotels Electrically Lighted and under
experienced European Management.

Every Comfort and Convenience for Resident
and Tourists.

CAPT. T. AUSTIN, R.N.R.,
Manager,
WM. FARMER,
Proprietor.
a2201

COLD STORAGE.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LTD.
have now 40,000 Cubic Feet of Cold
Storage available at East Point. Stores will
be Open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily, Sunday
excepted to receive and deliver perishable goods.
WM. PALLANE, Manager.
Hongkong, 15th November, 1901 47

STORAGE. FOR COAL, TIMBER, &c.

TO BE LET, a Portion of MARINE LOT
No. 285 at NORTH POINT, Suitable
for above Purpose. EXTENSIVE WATER
FRONT. DEEP WATER.
Also FOR SALE.
Portions of MARINE LOTS—Nos. 31 & 36
on PRAYA EAST. Approximate AREA
45,000 SQUARE FT. 300 YEARS' LEASE.
For Particulars, apply—
GEO. FEKWECK & Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, 8th June, 1906. [106]

新外中港香

CHUNG NGOI SAN PO
(Chinese Daily Press).
PUBLISHED DAILY.
Is the oldest and still immeasurably the best
medium for Advertising among the
Native Community.
Established for nearly FIFTY YEARS
Circulates largely throughout Southern China
Indo-China, etc.
Terms for Advertising (Translations free) can
be obtained at the Office, 10A, Des Vaux Road
Central, Hongkong, 131, Fleet Street, London
or from the different Agents.
Domesticate translated from or into Classical
or Colloquial Chinese.

INTIMATION.



A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

The following **PORTS** and **SHERRIES** bottled in Europe have been specially selected and procured from the celebrated firm of

G. G. SANDEMAN
SONS & CO.

LONDON, OPORTO AND
XERES.

PORTS

	per case
DOURO	\$15.00
OLD TAWNY	18.00
INVALID	18.00
ESTRELLA	24.00
FIVE DIAMOND	27.00
VERY OLD TAWNY	42.00
OLDEST AND FINEST	50.00

SHERRIES

	per case
LIGHT DRY	\$13.00
SOLERA	18.00
VERY PALE DRY	18.00
FULL GOLDEN	21.00
PALE DRY BROWN	24.00
FINE OLD BUTT	36.00

A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED,

Agents.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1907. 30

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Only communications relating to the news columns should be addressed to the Editor. Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication but as evidence of good faith. All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only. No anonymous communications should be inserted. Orders for extra copies of Daily Press should be sent before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash (Telegraphic Address: Press, Code: A.B.C. 4th Rd. Zulu).

P.O. Box, 88, Telephone No. 12

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, DES VIGUE ROAD (1)
LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, FEBRUARY 6th, 1907.

CARLE DEN. Hongkong has before enjoyed similar honour to that it has to-day, but such pleasing occasions are not, and cannot be reasonably expected to be, frequent in such an outlying outpost of Emperor EDWARD VII's dominions. The recent visit in passing of the son of to-day's royal guest was a pleasant break in the monotony, as some see it, of life here, a purple spot on the drab panorama of our dollar-chasing existences; but the second advent of Prince ARTHUR's father, the DUKE OF CONNAUGHT, is naturally regarded with far greater interest. The fervour of loyalty that was shown, according to our files, seventeen years ago, has not diminished with the passage of time, although so many changes of public policy and social outlook have occurred in the meantime. The loyal residents of this "no mean city" are prepared to-day, as ample evidence has shown, to extend to the brother of King EDWARD the cordial and respectful welcome that they gave in 1890 to the son of Queen VICTORIA. Socialists may scream in England, suffragettes squawk, and labour members bellow—in other parts of the world Royalty may appear to mean less and less to a democratic generation—but at Hongkong neither the Past nor the Present of the British Dynasty has as yet been suffered to lapse from memory, and the tradition of personal loyalty of the most genuine sort is a living and breathing force in our midst. An official representative of the monarch, our Governors have from time to time been frequently convinced of this;

the appearance of a representative allied by blood merely serves to evoke more pronounced manifestations of a feeling always existent. It is decidedly fortuitous that H.R.H. the DUKE, who in 1890 laid the foundation of the West Point to Murray Road Reclamation, should happen to return in the one year when that great work may be said to have visibly approached its culmination. The completion of so many handsome buildings, the sight of which should peculiarly impress the DUKE, if he has retained any recollection of the earlier scene, and the adornment of the neighbourhood with such very appropriate statuary, could not well have fitted into any earlier or later return to the scene of his former good offices. It will have been noted, moreover, that the procession of decades is maintained, 1887 the jubilee, 1897 the Diamond Jubilee, 1907 the Dual visit and functions. As we have suggested, a vast amount of water has run under bridges since H.R.H. last heard the plaudits and huzzas of Hongkong. Much more will have flowed by the next year with a seven in it comes round, and since the next best thing to a hearty welcome is to spread the parting guest with "come again," we may anticipate a little and here express the hope that in 1917 H.R.H. the DUKE or CONNAUGHT may be permitted to return and see a still bigger and better Hongkong, and a Hongkong as loyal to his House. To-day's addresses will remind him of the progress made locally since he was here last; doubtless His Excellency the Governor will indicate to him some of the further changes probable, when Hongkong is connected with a busy railway system.

Reports of the Shell Transport Co.'s meeting and the Ellis Kadonle (Canton) College speech day, also of ship launching, appear on page 5.

Ladies and gentlemen attending the Reception at Government House this evening, the 5th Feb., at 10 p.m., in honour of T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, are requested to bring two visiting cards to be handed to the A.D.C.'s in waiting.

The dates of the two lectures to be delivered at The Royal Sanitary Institute by Mr. A. E. Wright, F.S.T., on Sanitary Building Construction which were to have taken place on Wednesdays 6th and 13th, have been altered to Thursday 7th and Tuesday 12th.

At about 8.45 o'clock on Monday night, fire broke out on the first floor of a shop in Bing Lung Lane, which was used as a family residence. The brigade responded promptly to the alarm and soon extinguished the outbreak which is believed to have been caused by a defective stove pipe.

The return of visitors to the City Hall Library and Museum for the week ending the 3rd February, 1907, shows that of non-Chinese there were 293 to the Library and 176 to the Museum; and of Chinese 130 to the former and 2,808 to the latter. The Library was, therefore, used by 423 persons and the Museum by 2,984.

A well-dressed Chinaman, who described himself as a coolie, was arrested by the police at 135 Third Street, West Point, for being in possession of a quantity of morphine without a permit. He appeared before Mr. F. A. Hazeland at the Police Court yesterday, was found guilty of the charge, and ordered to pay a fine of \$100.

The friends of Mr. A. J. Basto, Jr., of the I. M. Customs Service (on leave) and the son of the well known advocate, Mr. A. J. Basto, of Macao, will be very pleased to learn that he has just gone in for his Hilary Term examination on Civil and Criminal law, which is the last but one examination to be a barrister-at-law. He expects to conclude his professional studies by May next, when he will return to China.

The festivities at Saigon in honour of the visit of the British squadron terminated on January 25th. Admiral Moore entertained M. Beau, the French Governor General, to dinner on board the *King Alfred*. The Admiral expressed his gratitude for the magnificent reception accorded them which, he said, constituted a remarkable episode of the *Centenary*. The Governor General, in his reply, spoke of the rapprochement between Britain and France and expressed the gratitude of the French people to King EDWARD, the author of the better understanding which prevailed between the two nations.

No. 4 of *The Godown* (Shanghai, January 29th) is the best yet—for the disinterested reader. For the interest of it, it is possible it will appear as the very worst. Where the former enjoys a hearty laugh, the latter may feel a pang equal to any ever experienced on a dentist's doorstep. The humour is undeniable; we envy the writer in a position to tell what he believes to be the truth in such an effective manner, but now that he has taken to volley firing into the mass, instead of sharp shooting at selected marks, we fear for his continued existence on this earth. Not being interested materially, we would be grieved to lose such a witty contributor of the newest of new journalism. He has adopted Carlyle's opinion of the British *hoi polloi* to be "a great mistake." There is an admirably imposed tribute to the late Frank Matland, and some remarkable stock exchange notes.

TELEGRAMS.

["DAILY PRESS" EXCLUSIVE SERVICE.]

JAPAN AND CALIFORNIA.

PACIFIC MESSAGE FROM AMERICAN BANKER.

Tokyo, February 5th.

Mr. Schiff, millionaire banker, has telegraphed to Marquis Saionji, the Japanese Premier, that he trusts the Japanese will not be misled by the idle talk of sensational American demagogues.

LONDON, February 5th.

The Mayor and the school authorities of San Francisco have gone to Washington to confer with the President.

The Mayor says that if President Roosevelt requests the sacrifice of local to national interests, the concession might be conceded.

THE NEW YORK TRIAL.

LONDON, February 5th.

The case for the prosecution of Harry Thaw for the murder of Stanford White has been closed, and the defence opened. Thaw's Counsel plead alternatively hereditary insanity and self defence.

[REUTERS SERVICE.]

THE KING AND QUEEN IN PARIS.

LONDON, February 3rd.

As their Majesties are travelling incognito there was no official reception at the station on their arrival.

AMERICA AND JAPAN.

LONDON, February 3rd.

Several American newspapers are printing the wildest articles on the prospects of war with Japan. It is alleged that Japan has practically presented an ultimatum. The Washington officials condemn the revival of the war talk, which they say is utterly unwarranted.

TURKEY.

LONDON, February 3rd.

Baron Marshall de Bieberstein, the German Ambassador in Constantinople, has been received in audience by the Sultan. The chief subject of conversation was the crimes of Fehmin Pasha, and the result, the appointment by the Sultan of a special Commissioner to examine the charges against the Pasha. Fehmin Pasha has become an object of terror to everyone, and in the meantime parades the streets ostentatiously.

HYGIENE EXAMINATION.

H.E. the Governor having again kindly offered prizes for the encouragement of the study of hygiene, examinations were held on the 3rd December last, at which all the principal government and aided schools of the Colony competed.

His Excellency presented the prizes to the successful candidates at Government House yesterday at noon. They were as follows:—

ADVANCED COURSE.	
First (Lau-tu-chung)	Ellis Kadonle School, \$50.
Second (Carlos Sequera)	St. Joseph's College, \$30.
Third (Wan Shue-ching)	Bellvue School, \$20.
Fourth (Chan Ching-an)	Diocean Boys' School, \$20.

The successful team of ten competitors came from the Diocean Boys' School which thus becomes the holder of the shield for one year. Prizes were also given for the best papers in the winning and the two next teams, and were awarded to the following:—

ELEMENTARY COURSE.	
First (Hamed Latta)	Diocean Boys' School, \$20.
Second (Alice Brandt)	Italian Convent, \$20.
Third (Flora Rosario)	Bellvue Public School, \$20.

THE ROYAL HONGKONG GOLF CLUB.

The monthly competition for the Captain's Cup was held at Happy Valley from the 2nd to 4th February, 1907. The following returns were made:—

CAPTAIN'S CUP.	
Mr. G. H. Edwards	96 - 18 = 78
Dr. L. A. Bais, R.N.	97 - 18 = 79
Hon. Mr. W. J. Gresson	98 - 14 = 82
Mr. C. B. Down	89 - 6 = 83
Dr. G. M. Harston	94 - 10 = 84
Mr. J. Douglas	94 - 10 = 84
(27 entries)	
POOL.	
Mr. L. E. M. Cross	87 - 12 = 75
Mr. G. H. Edwards	96 - 18 = 78
Hon. Mr. W. J. Gresson	98 - 14 = 82
Mr. C. B. Down	89 - 6 = 83
Mr. Douglas	94 - 10 = 84
(30 entries)	
† Winner of Cup.	
† Winner of Pool.	

A change in the advertisement of M. Wm. Farmer's hotel announces the appointment of Captain T. Austin, R.N.R., as the manager of the Macao Hotel. Mr. Farmer after seventeen years' residence in Hongkong, Canton and Macao is leaving early in April on a six months' trip to England via America. With Captain Austin in charge of the hotel at Macao and Mr. F. E. de Boursapaire (late of Australia) in charge of the Victoria Hotel at Canton, Mr. Farmer will have the satisfaction of feeling that his interests are in capable hands. Rich hotels have recently been thoroughly renovated, redecorated and refurnished.

HONGKONG SANITARY BOARD.

A meeting of the Sanitary Board was held on February 5th at the Board Room. The Hon. Dr. J. M. Atkinson (president) presided, and there were also present Dr. F. Clark, Medical Officer of Health, Hon. Mr. W. Chatham, Lieut. Col. J. M. Reid, Hon. Mr. A. W. Rowin, Registrar General, Dr. H. McFarlane, Assistant Medical Officer of Health, Mr. H. Humphreys, Mr. Shelton Hooper, Mr. Lau Chun-pak and Mr. G. A. Woodcock (secretary).

THE OPEN SPACE QUESTION.

Mr. HUMPHREYS, pursuant to notice, asked the following questions:—
(1) Has the Medical Officer of Health ever recommended any Chinese houses for total exemption from the provisions contained in subsection (1) of section 175 of the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance of 1903? If so, why did he make such recommendation when (as he now states) he does not regard any domestic building as perfectly sanitary which is not provided with an open space exclusively belonging to such building?
(2) Has the Board (with the consent of the Governor in Council) ever granted Chinese houses total exemption under section 175 of the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance of 1903, upon the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health?

The MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH replied:—
(1) Dr. Clark has recommended one house for total exemption from the provisions contained in subsection (1) of section 175 of the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance of 1903. This house is a small triangular building of two stories, at the corner of Yue Wo street, numbered 63, and can only legally accommodate two persons on each story. The reason given was that the house was so small, and Dr. Clark pointed out to the Board at the time that the best way to deal with the property would be for the owner to let No. 61 (which has a backyard), and No. 63 jointly as one dwelling, but that the Board had no power to enforce this suggestion.

(2) The Board has granted total exemption under section 175 to 17 Chinese houses on the recommendation of Dr. Barnett; to 17 Chinese houses on the recommendation of Dr. Pama; and to 79 Chinese houses on the recommendation of Dr. Macfarlane.

Mr. HUMPHREYS:—There is one question I would like to put. Was that one house exempted before Dr. Clark left for England or after he returned?

Dr. CLARK:—Quite recently.
Mr. HUMPHREYS:—When he was M.O.H. before he went home, did he not recommend some for total exemption?

Dr. CLARK:—Not under this Ordinance.
Mr. HUMPHREYS:—But under a previous Ordinance with the same enactment?
The PRESIDENT:—He did. I can look it up.
Mr. HUMPHREYS:—It doesn't matter.

"CONFISCATION OF PROPERTY."
An interesting discussion originated from the correspondence relative to proposed houses in Gough Street and Hollywood Road with cross section.

The PRESIDENT moved the adoption of the recommended plan.
The Hon. DIRECTOR of Public Works, in seconding, said he could not say that any real sanitary improvement would be effected by the limitation of the height of the houses as mentioned. All the adjacent houses in the same street were of the same height or higher.

Mr. HOOPER moved, with regard to Gough Street, that the plan be not sanctioned. He added that cubicles were allowed in existing houses but not in new houses, and asked what advantage the Government would gain by putting up that site for public auction. Naturally a man would give a higher premium for land where he could build three storeys instead of two. It would be a very immoral proceeding if the Government took up that line. It was because they had done that that Hongkong was as insanitary as it was. They had sold land for building and those sites had been surrounded by narrow streets. Owners had bought them knowing they would be allowed to put up houses of a certain kind. Then came the Ordinance of 1903 and their rights had been taken away. This practically amounted to confiscation.

The Hon. Mr. CHATHAM interpolated the remark that there was no restraint as to height of building when those lands were sold.
Mr. HOOPER rejoined that if a house was burnt down they would not be allowed to build to the same height as before.

Mr. HUMPHREYS seconded the amendment.
On a motion being taken the amendment was carried.

THE OBSCIOUS SECTION.
The REGISTRAR GENERAL stated that he had given notice of motion regarding applications under section 175 of the Ordinance of 1903. In view of the possibility of the Commission now sitting considering this section and making suggested amendments, and considering that the interpretation of the section had not been clear and that it had been misinterpreted for two years, he proposed that in these special cases where it seemed good to the Board they should grant exemptions from backyards but where according to the section they were unable to do so, that they ask the Governor in Council to approve the suspension of proceedings enforcing the law pending consideration of the report. He further suggested that a sub-committee should be appointed to decide what should be the special cases under this section. He formally moved a resolution in those terms and that the Vice-President and the M.O.H. form the sub-committee.

Mr. HUMPHREYS seconded. He said it was time that a halt was called in that costly undertaking involved by carrying out the section, and in order that they might be better able to count up the dead and wounded as it were he referred to the last census which showed the population of the Colony, including New Kowloon, to be 315,843. The estimated population for that year was 370,325, or 55,532 short. He did not mean to say that that number of people had actually been in the Colony, and allowing the estimate to be moderately correct, he thought that a good many Chinese had left the Colony. The question, naturally arose what was the cause of the Chinese leaving Hongkong? One had to go a little further than that; to get to the bottom of it. His own opinion was that the drastic Ordinance of 1903, coupled with the very drastic manner in which it had been carried out—sometimes illegally carried out by the Inspectors, had been the main cause of the exodus of Chinese. Although the whole exodus was not to be attributed to section 175 there was no doubt that that section had had something to do with it. He thought it was time to look round and see what corresponding good they had had to all the harm they had done. The resolution was carried.

THE CUBICLE QUESTION.
Mr. R. HARDING, acting under instructions of the tenant of the first floor of No. 55 Connaught Road Central applied under the proviso of section 19 of Ordinance 23 of 1903 for exemption from the requirements of such section in respect of three cubicles on the said floor. In the alternative he requested the Board to consider whether some modification could be made in regard to such cubicles. Should the Board not be able to consider either of these applications favourably, considerable hardship would be caused his client.

Mr. Mr. HEWITT moved:—If the house has been built after the passing of the new Ordinance, no hardship is entailed by the absence of cubicles as the man presumably was well aware of the law at the time the plans were drawn up.

THE REGISTRAR GENERAL.—The cubicle question will never be settled so long as houses are allowed to be built which are uninhabitable by more than one family without partitions of some kind.
The PRESIDENT moved that the Registrar-General and the President be appointed a committee to grant permits on the recommendation of the M.O.H. with regard to the retention or otherwise of cubicles. There was no doubt, he continued, that there was considerable irritation with regard to the enforcement of that section. It entailed work of considerable difficulty on the inspectors who carried it out, and he thought it would be much more in accord with the wishes of the majority of the community if the informal nations now issued by inspectors were done away with and issued as far as possible by the Medical Officer of Health. The sub-committee should act on the recommendation of the M.O.H., that was to say, they should not simply enforce the section as it stood at present, because in all probability it would be modified when the report of the Commission was considered. It was practically impossible for the M.O.H. to personally inspect every case to see whether a cubicle should be retained or not, but as far as possible he would visit test cases and be guided by the reports of the senior inspectors.

Mr. HOOPER seconded. He took it that when an application was refused by the committee it would come before the Board.

The PRESIDENT:—That is so. It will, however, limit the business of the Board very much.
Mr. HOOPER thought the proposition was on right lines. If the section had been worked on those lines there would have been less friction and more satisfaction to the community of Hongkong and to the Government.

The resolution was carried.

CEMETERY BYE-LAWS.

The revision of the Colonial Cemetery Bye-Laws was submitted, Mr. Hooper expressing his satisfaction that the inequality in the scale of fees had been removed.

SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

The report of the directors for presentation at the eighteenth annual meeting of the shareholders to be held on February 20th reads:—The directors have much pleasure in placing before the shareholders their eighteenth annual report which shows a satisfactory year's work.

The working account for 1906 has a credit balance of Tls. 346,617.53 as compared with Tls. 364,983.33 for the previous year.
The amount at the credit of profit and loss account, after deducting the interim dividend of 6% paid in July last, is Tls. 319,755.34, which the directors recommend for appropriation as follows:—
Final dividend 6% (making 12% for the year), on fully paid shares 156,000.00
Dividend on new shares (3 months at 12% per annum), 25,295 shares at Tls. 0.75 18,971.25
Bonus on fully paid shares 52,000 78,000.00
Bonus on new shares 25,295 shares at Tls. 0.19 4,806.05
Carry forward 61,978.04
Total 319,755.34

At an extraordinary general meeting, held on the 25th April, 1906, and confirmed at an extraordinary general meeting held on the 10th May, 1906, it was decided to issue 25,000 new shares at a premium of Tls. 25 per share (payable Tls. 40 on 1st October, 1906, and Tls. 35 on 1st April, 1907), 25,000 of these new shares have been applied for and the balance of 750 shares the directors propose to dispose of in due course.

All the Company's properties have been well let and the loss of rent by houses standing vacant is practically nil. All works necessary

to keep the properties in a first class state of repair have been attended to and a considerable amount has been spent on executing permanent improvements with the view of reducing future repairs. To this is chiefly due the increase in the working expenses. Insurance and taxes being also larger, owing to the increasing size and development of the company's properties.

The differences in the figures of the capital account are accounted for by interest on undeveloped land, with the following exceptions:—
Wills Estate No. 1.—Cadastral Lot 1018 has been sold and the profit carried to profit and loss account. New foreign buildings are in course of construction on the North Szeclow Road and will be completed about April next. These buildings have been delayed owing to the Council's alterations in the plans for the Garden Bridge approach.

Jinkee Estate No. 6.—The continuation of the buildings in Jinkee Road. It is estimated that the buildings will be ready for occupation in June as stated in last year's report.

Hongkong Creek Estate No. 8.—The development of this estate is almost finished. The Chinese shops and houses let readily and the estate is showing a very satisfactory return on the capital outlay.

Poonan Estate No. 13.—New buildings have been erected and Tls. 66,000 has been spent on purchase of land.

Yangtze Estate No. 11.—This estate has been sold and the profit transferred to profit and loss account.

Ferry Road Estate No. 16.—This estate has been divided into convenient building lots all except two of which have been sold at a substantial profit.

Chaufoong Road Estate No. 19.—Consists of four four-storied godowns and two dwelling houses at the corner of Chaufoong Road and Broadway.

Jessfield Road Estate No. 20.—Consists of 24 mow of land with a good frontage on the Jessfield Road including 12 mow laid out as a garden and ready for building purposes.

Jessfield Road Estate No. 21.—Consists of 45 mow of land well situated on the Jessfield Road.

Yates Road Estate No. 22.—Consists of 12 mow of land on the Great Western Road, East of Yates Road, the development of which is now under consideration.

Directors.—Sir Chas. J. Judge on leaving for England resigned his seat and Mr. E. C. Pearce has been invited to join the Board. Mr. E. Jenner Hogg retires by rotation, but offers himself for re-election.

Additional.—Mr. Wingrove retires but offers himself for re-election.

E. JENNER HOGG, Chairman.

WORKING ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st December, 1906.

Dr.		Tls. Cls.	
To salaries account	4,516.37		
To charges account	15,975.00		
To rental account	1,210.00		
To commission and staff	2,500.00		
To legal expenses account	1,502.93		
To agency management	6,000.00		
To trustees' fees	1,250.00		
To directors' fees	5,000.00		
To auditors' fees	300.00		
To balance transferred to profit and loss account	316,617.53		
		Tls.	381,801.73
		Cr.	Tls. Cls.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.		1906	584,861.73
June 30th, 1906.	Dr.	Tls. Cts.	
To dividend for 19 5		156,000.00	
To transfer to reserve fund account		49,180.46	
To interim dividend for 1906		156,000.00	
Dec. 31st, 1906.			
To balance		319,771.27	

	Tails	672,433.80
	Cr.	Tls. Cls.
Jnn. 1st, 1906.		248,874.90
By Balance		
Dec. 31st, 1906.		
By profit on sale of Yangtzepoo estate		
No. 11.		23,755.67

By profit on sale of part of Wills' estate No. 1	35,898.60
By profit on sale of part of Ferry Road estate	17,319.01
By balance of working account	348,617.53
	<hr/>
Tals	672,435.60
RESERVE FUND ACCOUNT	

RESERVE FUND ACCOUNT.		
Dec. 31st, 1906.	Dr.	Tls. Cts.
To balance		869,493.51
<hr/>		
	Tails	869,493.51
Jan. 1st, 1906.	Cr.	Tls. Cts.
By balance		828,813.05
By profit and loss account		41,681.46

RESERVE FUND ACCOUNT.		Tls. Cls.	
Dec. 31st, 1906.			
To balance	840,493.51		
		Tls.	840,493.51

RESERVE FUND SPECIAL ACCOUNT.		Tls. Cls.	
Jan. 1st, 1906.			
By balance	889,493.51		
By profit and loss account	628,919.05		
By transfer fees	44,891.46		
		Tls.	1,563,303.02

RESERVE FUND SPECIAL ACCOUNT.		Tls. Cls.	
Dec. 31st, 1906.			
To balance	170,000.00		
		Tls.	170,000.00

NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, &c., should be addressed to the Manager, Daily Press only, and special business matters to the Manager.

Orders for extra copies of Daily Press should be sent in before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

Telegraphic Address: PRESS, CODES: A.B.C., 5th Ed. Lieber's.

P.O. Box, 33. Telephone No. 12.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

MEMBERS of ST. JOHN'S LODGE desirous of Signing the Address to H.R.H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT are requested to do so TO-DAY at MASONIC MALL.

Hongkong, 6th February, 1907. 354

FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.

PUBLIC HOLIDAY.

IN accordance with Government Notification No. 78 the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the Transaction of Public Business TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), 6th February, 1907.

Hongkong, 4th February, 1907. 333

By Order, A. R. LOWE, Secretary.

Hongkong, 6th February, 1907. 353

C. DE M. C. VIEIRA-RIBEIRO, Auctioneer.

FAVOURER with instructions, will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), the 7th February, 1907, at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOM, No. 8, Queen's Rd. Central, JAPANESE GOODS, Comprising:—SATSUMA, CLOISONNE and LACQUERED WARE, SCREENS, EMBROIDERIES, FIGURES, WATER-COLOURS, etc.

TERMS:—As usual.

Hongkong, 6th February, 1907. 355

NOTICE.

VISIT OF H.R.H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

ALL TICKETS for Admission to the STANDS having been issued there are NO MORE AVAILABLE.

By Order, T. F. HOUGH, Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 5th February, 1907. 346

NOTICE.

IT is requested that Residents will kindly decorate their Homes by a suitable display of BUNTING on the occasion of the arrival of THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES THE DUKE and DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT and the PRINCESS PATRICIA TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), the 6th instant.

By Order, T. F. HOUGH, Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 5th February, 1907. 347

NOTICE.

WITH reference to the Visit of H.R.H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Public will be Entirely Suspended along the route from GOVERNMENT HOUSE to the Square, and all entrances to the Square Blocked, at 11 A.M., TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), the 6th instant. Spectators of the unrolling Ceremony are accordingly warned to be in their Seats before that hour.

F. J. BADELEY, Capt. Superintendent.

Hongkong, 4th February, 1907. 348

KOWLOON PIGEON CLUB.

A SHOW OF PIGEONS and FANCY BIRDS will be held on the Grounds of the "KOWLOON HOTEL" on the 12th and 14th of February, 1907. It will be OPEN to the Public from 10 A.M. to 5 P.M. and the Adjudgement will take place in the afternoon of the 14th inst.

Entrance Fee One Dollar per cage. All entries to be forwarded to the Hon. Secretary on or before the forenoon of the 12th inst., and Birds in suitable cages to be sent to the Kowloon Hotel before 10 A.M. of the 13th inst. Forms of applications and all necessary information can be had from the Hon. Secretary, care of The Kowloon Hotel.

Some of the leading European Firms have offered Prizes, which will be exhibited on the Second day of the Show.

J. D. LOGAN, Chairman.

R. DAVID, Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1907. 331

THE CHINA & JAPAN TELEPHONE AND ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

THE TELEPHONE DIRECTORY for 1907 is now being delivered, and Subscribers are requested to make the following additions and corrections to it.

It is also requested that Subscribers will have all old Directories and Sheets Destroyed.

A List of New Subscribers will be Published on the 1st of each month and these should be entered in the Directory.

NEW LINES.
478—Butterfield and Swire Peak Residence.
K27—Cafe Weismann, Kowloon.
K23—Canton and Kowloon Railway Store.
524—Cook, Thomas and Co.
537—Cruz and Co., H.
539—Hastings and Hastings.
539—Holmes and Co.
591—Hoo Chong Woo.
590—Jack, P. Res.
586—Kwong Sang.
588—Waller and Co.
585—Yue Kee.

CORRECTIONS.
292—Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
513—Raymond, R. Res.
313—Matsui, K. Res.
Hongkong, 4th February, 1907. 339

FRENCH LESSONS.

FRENCH TAUGHT entirely by Conversation and without translation by a Frenchman (a Teacher in Government Schools) and ENGLISH LESSONS by an English Lady.

Apply by letter to— B. R., Care of "Daily Press" Office.

Hongkong, 13th November, 1906. 3089

INTIMATIONS

PUBLIC HOLIDAY.

IN accordance with Government Notification No. 78 the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the Transaction of Public Business TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), 6th February, 1907.

Hongkong, 4th February, 1907. 333

THEATRE ROYAL CITY HALL.

THE HONGKONG AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB

WILL PRESENT A FARCE COMEDY ENTITLED

"FACING THE MUSIC"

BY CHARLES HENRY DARNLEY, ON

FRIDAY, 15th FEBRUARY, 1907.

SATURDAY, 16th

MONDAY, 18th

AT 9 P.M.

PRICES ... \$3, \$2 & \$1.

SAILORS and SOLDIERS in uniform Half-Price to Pit Stalls and Pit.

Booking Office at the ROBINSON PIANO Co., Open on and after MONDAY, 11th February, 1907, at 10 A.M.

Hongkong, 4th February, 1907. 340

FOR SALE.

ONE HAMMOND TYPEWRITER with Ideal Keyboard, perfectly in order.

Apply to— H. C., Care of "Daily Press" Office.

Hongkong, 31st January, 1907. 345

MAIL TABLES FOR 1907.

Shows the dates of departure of the Mails to Europe and America, and the dates of their expected arrival at their destinations, as well as the dates of return Mails.

Mounted on Card ... 30 Cents

On Paper ... 20 "

On Sale at the Hongkong Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 29th January, 1907.

COME AND INSPECT

Our Special Varieties of ARTISTIC VIEW POSTCARDS

ALL KINDS OF FOREIGN POSTAGE STAMPS, ALBUMS AND OTHER

PHILATELIC GOODS

At PRICES TO SUIT ANY BUYERS.

GRACA & CO., Hongkong Hotel Corridor.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1907. 128

KWONG TAI LOY.

RATTAN FURNITURE, BAMBOO BLINDS, TIENTSIN CARPETS.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI SUN BLINDS, MATTING of all Colours and

JAPANESE Goods of all Descriptions.

No. 16, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

2188

A. LING & CO., FURNITURE STORE

REMOVED TO No. 19, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, (KORN AND KONOR).

Hongkong, 29th January, 1907. 2051

PURE FRESH WATER.

THE HONGKONG STEAM WATER BOAT CO., LTD., is prepared to supply any Quantity of PURE FRESH WATER to the Shipping, both for Dock and Boilers.

Call Flag—W. J. W. KEW, Manager.

Hongkong, 5th August, 1905. 2264

CHILDREN OF FAR CATHAY

A SOCIAL AND POLITICAL NOVEL OF ABSORBING INTEREST.

By CHAS. J. HALCOMBE (Formerly of the Imperial Chinese Customs Service, Author of "The Mystic Flower Land," etc.).

THE VOLUME which consists of 461 Pages, and includes a Sketch Map of historical interest showing the disposition of the Forces at the battle of Kwaikien, is dedicated to Sir ROBERT, MART, G.C.M.G., and Dr. A. RENZI.

Its description of Chinese Social Customs and Superstitions, combined with the insight it gives into political conditions in China makes "CHILDREN OF FAR CATHAY" an excellent volume for presentation to friends at Home. Well bound in Yellow Cloth with Chinese Emblem in Gold.

PRICE ... \$3.50.

To be obtained from Messrs. KELLY & WALSH LTD., Messrs. W. BARBER & Co., or from the Printers and Publishers, the "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS" Office.

ON SALE.

A TABLE OF THE RATES OF EXCHANGE AT HONGKONG

FOR DEMAND DRAFTS ON BOMBAY

On the Day Preceding the Date of the English Mails from the Year of the Closing of the Indian Mints to the Free Coinage of Silver

FROM 1893 TO 1905;

ALSO RATES FOR SOVEREIGNS, GOLD LEAF, BAR SILVER (From 1900), and other Useful Information.

PRICE: \$1 CASH.

On Sale at the "DAILY PRESS" Office, or Local Booksellers.

PUBLIC COMPANIES

HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Alexandra Buildings, Des Vaux Road, Central, on SATURDAY, 8th February, 1907, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1906.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 3rd to 12th February, 1907, both days inclusive.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON, General Managers.

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1907. 290

THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE EIGHTY-FIRST ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING of Shareholders in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, HONG KONG MANSIONS, on TUESDAY, the 12th February, at 12 o'clock, Noon, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend, confirming the appointment of a Director and electing Auditors.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 30th January to 12th February, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors, W. CLARKE, Secretary.

Hongkong, 21st January, 1907. 252

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING of the Shareholders of this Corporation will be held at the City Hall, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 16th day of February, 1907, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to 31st December, 1906.

By Order of the Court of Directors, J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 29th January, 1907. 307

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the REGISTER of SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 4th, to the 16th day of February, 1907, (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors, J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 29th January, 1907. 305

HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE TWENTY-SIXTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Office of the General Managers at 11.30 A.M. on MONDAY, 18th February, 1907, to receive a Statement of the Company's Accounts to 31st December, 1906, and the Report of the General Managers.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 8th to the 18th February, 1907, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Secretaries.

Hongkong, 2nd February, 1907. 332

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of Shareholders will be held in the Office of the Company, Queen's Building, New Praya, on MONDAY, the 25th February, 1907, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Accounts to the 31st December, 1906.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 11th to the 25th February, 1907, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors, THOS. I. ROSE, Secretary.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1907. 322

ON SALE

BOUND VOLUMES of the HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS, January to June 1906. With Index. Price \$7.50.

On sale at the Hongkong Daily Press Office

Hongkong 27th July, 1906

MITSU BISHI DOCKYARD AND ENGINE WORKS, NAGASAKI.

CODE WORD: "DOCK."

A.I. A.B.C., and Engineering Code Used NEW DOCK NOW OPEN.

DOCK NO. 3.

Extreme Length ... 722 feet.

Length on Blocks ... 714 "

Width of Entrance on Top ... 64 "

Width of Entrance on Bottom ... 88 "

Water on Blocks at Spring Tide ... 34 "

DOCK NO. 1.

Extreme Length ... 528 feet.

Length on Blocks ... 512 "

Width of Entrance on Top ... 66 "

Width of Entrance on Bottom ... 71 "

Water on Blocks at Spring Tide ... 61 "

DOCK NO. 2.

Extreme Length ... 571 feet.

Length on Blocks ... 554 "

Width of Entrance on Top ... 66 "

Width of Entrance on Bottom ... 53 "

Water on Blocks at Spring Tide ... 22 "

PATENT SLIP.

Suitable for vessels up to 1,000 TONS.

LATEST PLANTS and APPLIANCES for underwriting BUILDING or REPAIRING SHIPS, ENGINES, and BOILERS; and also ELECTRICAL WORK.

A LARGE STOCK of MATERIAL is always kept on hand.

THE COMPANY has the powerful steamer "OURA-MARU" (712 tons, 700 I.H.P. specially built for SALVAGE PURPOSES equipped with necessary gear, always ready for Short Notice.

1175

INSURANCES

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st December, 1905 217,337,119.

I. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, £3,000,000

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, 2,750,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL, 887,500 0 0

II. FIRE FUNDS, 3,389,720 19 8

The Undersigned, AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 11th July, 1906. 1849

AAOEN AND MUNICH FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF AIX-LE-CHAPPELLE.

The Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

REUTER, BROCKELMANN & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 21st April, 1897. 114

THE GLOBUS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

The Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

CARLOWITZ & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 13th August, 1906. 29

BOARD AND RESIDENCE

LARGE EXCELLENTLY FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOM in Well Appointed House, Verandah, Bathroom, Fine View. Offered to a Lady and Gentleman desirous of starting house keeping.

Apply— "GARDEN," Care of "Daily Press" Office.

Hongkong, 9th January, 1907. 44

FIRST-CLASS BOARD & RESIDENCE AT "BRAESIDE."

A LARGE AND COMMODIOUS RESIDENCE standing in its own grounds, with Tennis Courts, Good Dining and Reception Rooms, Large Airy and Well Furnished Bedrooms, every house comfort. Fine View of the Harbour; Terms moderate.

Apply to— Mrs. F. W. WATTS, "Braeside," 20, Macdonnell Road (late of "Tang Yuen").

Hongkong, 27th June, 1905. 43

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.

MRS. GILLANDERS "GLENWOOD," 27, CAINE ROAD.

Hongkong, 20th September 1905. 1751

HONGKONG BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

AUCTIONEER.

C. DE M. C. VIEIRA-RIBEIRO, Auctioneer. Consignments solicited. Account Sales rendered and settlement effected promptly. No. 8, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

BOOKBINDING.

DAILY PRESS OFFICE. The only office in China having European taught workmen Equal to Home work.

IRON MERCHANTS.

SINGON & CO., Iron, Steel, Metal and Hardware Merchants. Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers. Pig Iron and Foundry. Coke Importers. General Storekeepers and Commission Agents.

35 & 37, King Loong Street (1st Street West of Central Market) Telephone No. 515

PHOTOGRAPHER.

M. MUEYIA, JAPANESE ARTIST. Bromide and Crayon Enlargements and also colouring Photos and relief Photos. Views of China and Manila. Work done for Amateurs; No. 8, Queen's Road Central.

TYPEWRITERS.

F. A. V. RIBEIRO, Typewriting Work Undertaken, Cleaned, Repaired, Overhauled. Charges moderate. (late of the Hongkong Typewriting Bureau) 58, Queen's Road Central (First-floor).

ON SALE.

A TABLE OF THE RATES OF EXCHANGE AT HONGKONG

For Demand Drafts on London on the day of or preceding the departure of the English Mails; also Table of the Yearly Approximate Averages for 32 Years From 1874 to 1905.

Price: \$2 Cash. On sale at the "DAILY PRESS" Office, or Local Booksellers.

JUST PUBLISHED.

NOW ON SALE.

THE FIFTY YEARS ANGLIO-CHINESE CALENDAR

日曆英中 年十五

FROM 1st JANUARY, 1864 TO 31st DECEMBER, 1913, BEING FROM THE 1st YEAR OF THE 70th CYCLE TO THE 50th YEAR OF THE 70th CYCLE, THAT IS THE 32d YEAR OF TUNG CHI TO THE 32th YEAR OF KWANG SUI.

PRICE \$2 CASH.

On sale at the "DAILY PRESS" Office, or Agents in all the Ports of the Far East.

The Book will be sent by Registered Post (free) to any part of the World unrepaid by Agents on receipt of Money order.

Hongkong, 3rd October, 1905. 1841

BANKS

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application. INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3 1/2 Per Cent. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option balances \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 Per Cent. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 12th January, 1907. 22

NEDERLANDSCH-INDISCHE HANDELS BANK.

(NETHERLANDS INDIA COMMERCIAL BANK) ESTABLISHED 1863.

Authorized Capital Fl. 15,000,000 (21,250,000)

Subscribed Capital Fl. 10,000,000 (Paid up)

Reserve Fund Fl. 1,624,850.19 (213,737)

HEAD OFFICE: AMSTERDAM.

SUB

INTIMATIONS

S. MOUTRIE & CO. LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1875.

BABY GRANDS
BY
RACHELS, PLEYEL, KEMMLER AND ROSENKRANZ.

FOR LIGHTNESS OF TOUCH, QUALITY OF TONE, AND DURABILITY, THESE PIANOS ARE UNRIVALLED.

A GUARANTEE FOR A TEST PERIOD OF TWO YEARS GIVEN WITH EACH INSTRUMENT. INSPECTION INVITED.

SOLE AGENTS:
S. MOUTRIE & CO. LTD.
York Building, Chater Road.
Hongkong, 30th July, 1906. [38]

TO LET.
N^o. 6, LYEMOON VILLAS, Kowloon.
Possession from 1st March next. Five Rooms and Tennis Court. Rent \$125 per month including taxes.
Apply to—**"LYEMOON"**
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 21st January, 1907. [21]

TO LET.
TWO Comfortable and well furnished Bedrooms with Board in a private family; Upper level; Charges Moderate.
Apply by letter to—**"G. H."**
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 1st February, 1907. [33]

TO LET.
N^o. 28, LEIGHTON HILL ROAD.
Immediate Possession.
N^o. 26, LEIGHTON HILL ROAD. Possession 1st March, 1907.
Apply to—**THE COMPTON**
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Hongkong, 4th February, 1907. [33]

TO LET.
N^o. 3, CARNARVON VILLAS, and N^o. 6, LOCHIEL TERRACE, Kowloon.
Apply to—**HEWAN & CO.**
N^o. 15, Connaught Road, West.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1907. [32]

TO LET.
N^o. 2, MACDONNELL ROAD.
Apply to—**COMPTON'S DEPARTMENT**
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Hongkong, 3rd June, 1906. [197]

TO LET.
FULLY FURNISHED—from April 15th.
ALDEN, BARKER ROAD, the PEAK.
Seven Rooms with ample Bath and Dry Rooms. Apply to—**J. S. VAN BUREN**
Care of Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Hongkong, 3rd January, 1907. [133]

TO LET.
GROUND FLOOR of N^o. 4, DES VIGUE ROAD including a Strong Room and Servant Quarters.
ROOMS on SECOND FLOOR of Victoria Building, N^o. 5, Queen's Road Central, suitable for Offices.
N^o. 6, PEDDARS HILL, comprising of 5 Rooms with Out Houses, occupation from 1st proximo.
Apply to—**DAVID SASSON & Co., Ltd.**
Hongkong, 31st January, 1907. [316]

TO LET.
IN ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS Small Office on Second Floor.
Apply to—**SECRETARY**
A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, 4th January, 1907. [159]

TO LET.
POSSESSION FROM 1st MARCH NEXT.
WELLBURN, N^o. 51 the PEAK.
Apply to—**JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN**
York Buildings.
Hongkong, 22nd January, 1907. [254]

TO LET.
OFFICE TO LET.
ONE ROOM in PRINCE'S BUILDINGS from 1st February. Rent \$50 per month.
Apply to—**REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.**
Princo's Buildings.
Hongkong, 29th January, 1907. [299]

TO LET ON LEASE.
FROM 1st JANUARY, 1907.
N^os. 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14, HOLLYWOOD ROAD.
Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 SUN WAI LANE.
Apply to—**ARRATON V. APCAR & CO.**
45, Wyndham Street.
Hongkong, 24th October, 1906. [161]

TO LET.
THE PREMISES known as N^o. 199, WANCHAI ROAD, now occupied by Messrs. Macdonald & Co.'s Engineering Works.
Possession, 1st February, 1907.
Apply to—**THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.**
Hongkong, 5th January, 1907. [155]

TO LET.
N^o. 27, SEYMORE ROAD.
4 New Houses in KENNEDY ROAD, near Wan Chai.
N^o. 90 & 91 GODOWN PRATA EAST.
Apply to—**SAM WANG CO. LTD.**
81, Queen's Road Central.
Hongkong, 13th November, 1906. [103]

TO BE LET.
FURNISHED.
FROM THE 2ND WEEK IN APRIL NEXT.
"IAN MOR" PEAK ROAD, Six Good Rooms, 3 Bath Rooms, Drying and Store Rooms, Grass Tennis Court. Moderate rental to good tenant.
N^o. 6, EAST AVENUE, Kowloon. Four-Roomed House. Possession from 1st February.
Apply to—**HUMPHREY'S ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LD.**
Hongkong, 18th December, 1906. [117]

TO LET.
N^o. 1, WEST END TERRACE, Shamshu Canton.
HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.
Hongkong, 11th December, 1906. [93]

TO LET.
2ND FLOOR N^o. 12, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, GARDEN ROAD, Kowloon, from March 1st; Redecorated, Electric Light, Tennis Court.
Apply to—**LEIGH & ORANGE**
1, Des Vaux Road.
Hongkong, 1st June, 1906. [94]

TO LET.
OFFICES in KING'S BUILDING and YORK BUILDING.
"RANFURLY" CONDUIT ROAD.
A HOUSE in WONG NEI CHONG ROAD, GODOWNS IN PRATA EAST.
A HOUSE in CLIFTON GARDENS, Conduit Road.
A HOUSE in RIFON TERRACE.
FLATS in MORRISON TERRACE.
Apply to—**THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.**
Hongkong, 1st March, 1906. [191]

TO LET.
N^os. 1 and 3, ORMSBY VILLAS, GRANVILLE ROAD, Kowloon.
Apply to—**SPANISH PROCURATION.**
Hongkong, 3rd January, 1907. [136]

TO LET.
2 FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES at Prata East, near East Point.
Apply to—**JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.**
Hongkong, 3rd January, 1907. [137]

TO LET.
2ND FLOOR of N^o. 5, ICE HOUSE STREET, Centrally situated and within easy reach of the principal Banks and business houses. Apply on the premises to—**TATA & CO.**
Hongkong, 24th December, 1906. [105]

TO LET.
A HOUSE in KNITSFORD TERRACE KOWLOON.
Apply to—**THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LD.**
Hongkong, 1st August, 1906. [92]

TO LET.
(EITHER IN WHOLE OR IN PART).
"THE GROVE" having 30 Rooms, with detached Out-Houses and Kitchens, situated in Robinson Road, Kowloon. Well ventilated, with Electric Lights and Bells completed installed.
Apply to—**E. M. HAZELAND**
35, Queen's Road Central, or to
WING-ON, Contractor
84, D'Almeida Street.
Hongkong, 18th July, 1906. [96]

TO LET.
"GLENWOOD" CARNS ROAD, suitable for Boarding House or Club.
N^o. 4, CONDUIT ROAD.
N^o. 73, WYNDHAM STREET.
"BANGOUR" PEAK.
BUNGALOW (furnished) at New Territory, Kowloon, 4 Rooms, Low Rental.
BEACONSFIELD ARCADE, Fine Shops Offices and Dwelling Houses.
N^o. 18, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Top Floor, (over Caldwell MacGregor).
N^o. 17A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Rooms on Front Part, Top Floor, (over Aches).
BELLIOS TERRACE HOUSES, ROBINS ROAD.
Apply to—**TO LET OR FOR SALE.**
NEW HOUSE on MOUNT KELLY, Five Rooms, on Rural Building Lot N^o. 117.
Apply to—**LINSTEAD & DAVIS**
3rd Floor, Alexandra Buildings.
Hongkong, 2nd November, 1906. [102]

TO LET—FURNISHED.
"LEWKNOR" N^o. 116, PEAK. April 1st and September.
Apply to—**M. W. SLADE**
Princo's Buildings.
Hongkong, 28th January, 1907. [800]

TO LET.
RAVENSHILL WEST N^o. 3, PARK ROAD.
DEACON, LOOKER & DEACON.
Hongkong, 5th December, 1906. [104]

COMPANY REPORTS.

The last mail brought the following reports of company meetings:

SHELL TRANSPORT AND TRADING COMPANY (LIMITED).
An extraordinary general meeting was held at Winchester-house, Sir Marcus Samuel in the chair, to consider a resolution authorizing the directors to enter into agreements to carry into effect the scheme for amalgamation between the company and the Royal Dutch Petroleum Company (Limited), signed by Sir M. Samuel and Mr. Deterding, dated September 12th, 1906, "with such modifications, alterations, and additions as the board may determine, and to co-operate in the formation of the two companies necessary to carry out such scheme, and to do all other things which may be desirable for that purpose." The chairman reviewed the shareholders that at the last meeting he foreshadowed the conclusion of an agreement for the proposed amalgamation, the principles having been agreed at a meeting at The Hague in July between a committee of the boards of the two companies. A provisional agreement had actually been signed by Mr. Deterding and himself. A vital preliminary was the investigation of the properties and liabilities of the respective companies; these were proving satisfactory to both parties, and the agreement had been accepted in principle by both boards, so that, subject to the settlement of necessary details, the scheme would be carried into effect. The chairman stated that the shareholders of both companies would be asked to see the scheme carried to completion on or before March 31st. In order, however, not to lose the great advantages accruing from the very moment of joint working, steps were already devised which would make it come into operation for practical purposes from to-morrow although the accounts used in such a fashion that, should the arrangement not be carried through by any chance, an adjustment between the companies would be feasible. An amalgamation between them was a matter of urgent necessity to both. The Nederlandse Indische Industrie en Handel Maatschappij, owned by the Shell Company, had erected at least 12,000 tons of crude oil per week, together with adequate storage. In common with other contracting producers, that company marketed their oil through the Asiatic Petroleum Company (Limited), in which the Shell Company held one-third of the shares. The Royal Dutch Company one-third, and Messrs. Rothschild and their friends one-third. The quantity of oil deliverable to the Asiatic Company by each party was limited by agreement, and the maximum quantity which the Nederlandse Indische was entitled to supply would not suffice to keep the refinery at full work. The Royal Dutch Company had developed a production of oil of their own in Koster, joining the Shell Company's refinery; and if the former wanted to utilize the spot this would necessitate the erection by them of a refinery, storage, and tankage at great cost, and it would be a useless duplication of the already existing facilities. Although selling through the same medium, the two companies were still practically competing with one another, since their interests could be conflicting. The Royal Dutch Company had erected a plant which was turning out about 500 tons of paraffin wax per month, and the product was finding a ready sale. This plant was, however, erected in Sumatra, whereas the oil containing the most valuable paraffin was produced in Borneo. Whether the amalgamation went through or not, the Shell Company intended for itself to erect a plant capable of turning out 1,000 tons of paraffin wax per month, calling an amalgamation, the Royal Dutch Company would also erect a plant in Koster, and there would be constant competition and friction between the two companies; nor would such competition end with this one product. The union between them as it existed at present was a terminable one; it was made originally only for 2 years, and a sufficient period had already expired to cause the directors of both companies to consider what was to happen at the end of the time. By the proposed amalgamation new companies would be formed for the purpose of acquiring (with certain exceptions) the entire assets and undertakings of the Royal Dutch Company and the Shell Company as from the beginning of 1907. The Royal Dutch Company were to have an interest of 60 per cent in the new company, or companies and the Shell Company an interest of 40 per cent and both were to have the right of nominating directors of the new company in proportion to their interests. The new company were to have a working capital of £500,000, which was to be provided by the Royal Dutch and the Shell Companies in the proportion of 60 per cent and 40 per cent respectively. The companies were to issue to the two companies as part consideration for the sale fully paid ordinary shares to the nominal value of about £100,000,000, 60 per cent of these shares being issued to the Royal Dutch Company and 40 per cent to the Shell Company. The assets of the Royal Dutch and the Shell Companies were to be transferred to the new company free from all encumbrances. All cash and cash investments outside the business belonging to the Royal Dutch and the Shell Companies, and all bank debts and other amounts due or to be come due to those companies in respect of any period prior to January 1st, 1907, were exempted from the sale. Notwithstanding that each of the vendor companies were to discharge all their own liabilities as on the 31st December (yesterday) special exemption was made in respect of certain liabilities of the Shell Company, and of the Nederlandse Indische Industrie en Handel Maatschappij, which were agreed as amounting on that day to £235,000. The new company would take over at agreed prices the whole of the stocks and materials belonging to both companies as well as any outstanding policies of insurance or assurance. It was provided that in the event of the liquidation of the new company, or its sale, no claim could be made by any shareholder at any time before January 31st, 1932, notwithstanding that the shares were held in different proportions, the net proceeds up to an amount of £20,000,000 should be divided equally between the Royal Dutch and the Shell companies and the balance only to be divided in the proportion of the shares held by each company. As a consideration for giving to the Royal Dutch Company the practical control of the business it was expressly provided that for a period of ten years the first £275,000 of profits

available for dividend in each year should be dealt with as follows:—The first £50,000 was to go to the Shell Company, then £100,000 to the Royal Dutch Company, then £100,000 to the Shell Company, and then £225,000 to the Royal Dutch Company. The Royal Dutch Company were to purchase and pay for as on January 1st, 1907, 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each in the Shell Company at 3/6 per share, or 1/6 per cent dividend for 1906. The Royal Dutch Company undertook not to part with any of these shares without the consent of the board of the Shell Company. The "combine" was a defensive and not an offensive alliance but it must be quite obvious that they were in a better position to make treaties or to conduct their own defence when acting in perfect union than when they were obliged to consider conflicting interests. There were two points which required explanation. The first was the item referred to of £235,000, the remaining liabilities of the Shell Company, which arose principally from the fact that they had undertaken to find £200,000 of new working capital for the "combine" but the company's financial position was so sound as to have enabled them to discharge the whole of their outstanding liabilities out of their own resources with the exception of about £150,000. It was quite impossible for the directors to state definitely the amount of the Shell Company's requirements until the books for 1906 were made up. They would probably amount to £250,000, but upon this, as to £225,000, they would receive 5 per cent interest from the new company. The next point was that the preference shareholders would obtain for a period of ten years a prior right to their dividend on the earnings of the whole "combine," while they had, of course, in perpetuity the first claim upon the share of the Shell Company. The ordinary shareholders of the Shell Company would also receive a dividend of 5 per cent per annum in priority to the shareholders of the Royal Dutch Company, this being a necessary guarantee that the business would be properly conducted by the personnel of that company in the interests of all concerned. He concluded by proposing the resolution, which was seconded by Mr. R. Jardine. In reply to questions the chairman stated that the preference shareholders would retain the same preference they had at present as to capital. He thought that the position of the preference shareholders under the scheme was a magnificent one. The motion was carried unanimously.

MANTLA RAILWAY COMPANY (LIMITED).
A class meeting of the holders of the 7 per cent preference shares was held at Winchester-house, Mr. C. J. Carter Scott presiding, to consider a resolution to the effect that the agreement dated the 22nd December between the company of the one part and Henry William Brown, contracting on behalf of the 7 per cent preference shareholders of the other part whereby the rights and privileges of the preference shareholders were to be put to participation in a distribution of the assets of the company as subsisting at the date of the said agreement were proposed to be modified so that the preference shareholders should be entitled to the assets of the company as subsisting at the date of the said agreement, and to be binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman, in proposing the resolution, remarked that he had previously explained the plan of arrangement at a meeting held before dealing with the agreement, and he stated that the modification of the agreement was proposed to be adopted and confirmed, and he was binding on all the preference shareholders. The chairman,

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS.
SHANGHAI	DELHI	About 8th February	Freight and Passage.
	Capt. J. D. Andrews, R.N.R.		
LONDON, &c., via USUAL PORTS	DELTA	Noon, 9th February	See Special of Call.
	Capt. C. L. Daniel		

For further Particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWETT,

Superintendent.

Hongkong, 26th January, 1907.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LIMITED.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
CEBU and ILOILO	"KAIFONG"	On 7th Feb., 4 P.M.
AMOI, NINGPO & SHANGHAI	"TAMSUI"	On 8th Feb., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"TOCHOW"	On 11th Feb., 4 P.M.
MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOK TOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	"TAIYUAN"	On 11th Feb., 4 P.M.
YOKOHAMA and KOBE	"TSINAN"	On 12th Feb., 4 P.M.
MANILA	"TAMING"	On 12th Feb., 4 P.M.

The attention of Passengers is directed to the superior accommodation offered by these steamers, which are fitted throughout with Electric Light. Unvalued Table. A duly qualified Surgeon is carried.

Taking Cargo on through bills of lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rates or all New Zealand Ports and other Australian Ports.

REDUCED SALOON FARES, SINGLE AND RETURN, TO MANILA AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

For Freight or Passage, apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

AGENTS.

Hongkong, 6th February, 1907.



OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE BETWEEN
HONGKONG, SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS
AND FORMOSA.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—
SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	THE CO.'S S.S.	LEAVING
TAMSUI VIA SWATOW AND AMOI	"JOSHIN MARU" Capt. H. OHTA	SUNDAY, 10th Feb., at DAYLIGHT.
SHANGHAI VIA SWATOW, AMOI AND FOCHOW	"SOSHU MARU" Capt. T. SURUGA	FRIDAY, 8th Feb., at DAYLIGHT.

These Steamers have excellent accommodation for First and Second Class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with electric light. First-class Saloon Amidships. Unvalued Table.

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

For Freight, Passage, and further information, apply at the Company's local Branch Office, at Second Floor, No. 1, Queen's Buildings.

Hongkong, 5th February, 1907.

T. ARIMA, Manager.

14

PASSENGER SEASON 1907.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

THROUGH STEAMER

FOR

MARSEILLES AND LONDON.
VIA COLOMBO AND BOMBAY.

THE STEAMSHIP

"MACEDONIA,"

10,500 TONS, CAPT. C. D. BENNETT, R.N.R.

WILL BE DESPATCHED AT NOON,

ON

SATURDAY, 23rd MARCH,

AND IS DUE IN MARSEILLES ON THE 20th APRIL AND LONDON ON
THE 27th APRIL.

IN ADDITION TO GIVING PASSENGERS AN OPPORTUNITY OF
SPENDING ABOUT 24 HOURS IN BOMBAY THIS VESSEL
WILL MAKE A FAST RUN TO MARSEILLES AND LONDON.
THE VOYAGE FROM HONGKONG TO MARSEILLES SHOULD BE
COMPLETED IN 28 DAYS AND TO LONDON IN 35 DAYS.

FARES:

To MARSEILLES—£31 First and £42 Second Saloon,

To LONDON—£55 First and £44 Second Saloon.

For Further Particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWETT,

Superintendent.

Hongkong, 11th October, 1906.

1899

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINES.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.
EUROPEAN LINE.

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO,
ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, NAPLES, GENOA,
ANTWERP, BREMEN/HAMBURG.

STEAMERS WILL ALSO CALL AT GIBRALTAR & SOUTHAMPTON
TO LAND PASSENGERS AND LUGGAGE.

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR ALL EUROPEAN,
NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

STEAMERS	SAILING DATES
GNEISENAU	WEDNESDAY 13th February
PREUSSEN	WEDNESDAY 27th February
PRINZESS ALICE	WEDNESDAY 13th March
PRINZ LUDWIG	WEDNESDAY 27th March
* SAHSEN	WEDNESDAY 10th April
ZIEHEN	WEDNESDAY 24th April
PRINZ REGENT LUPOLOD	WEDNESDAY 8th May
PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH	WEDNESDAY 22nd May
BAYERN	WEDNESDAY 5th June
PRINZ HEINRICH	WEDNESDAY 19th June
SCHARNHORST	WEDNESDAY 3rd July
ROON	WEDNESDAY 17th July

* Conveying H.M. The King of Siam, carrying Second Class Passengers only.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of FEBRUARY, 1907, at Noon, the Steamship
"GNEISENAU," Captain G. Holte, with MAELS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE and
CARGO, will leave this Port as above, CALLING AT NAPLES and GENOA.

Shipping Orders will be granted till Noon, on Monday, the 11th Feb. Cargo and
Specie will be received on Board until 5 P.M. on Tuesday, the 12th Feb., and Parcel
will be received at the Agency's Office until Noon, on Tuesday, the 12th Feb.

Contents of Packages are required. No Parcel Receipts will be signed for less than \$2.50,
and Parcels should not exceed Two Feet Cubic in Measurement.

The Steamer has splendid accommodation, and carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

Linen can be washed on board.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY FROM HONGKONG:	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
TO NAPLES, GENOA AND GIBRALTAR	\$61 0 0	\$42 0 0	\$23 0 0
return	91 0 0	63 0 0	33 0 0
TO SOUTHAMPTON, LONDON, BREMEN AND HAMBURG	65 0 0	44 0 0	24 0 0
return	97 0 0	66 0 0	36 0 0

* TO NEW YORK VIA SUEZ
via NAPLES, GENOA or GIBRALTAR

return

115 0 0 78 0 0 26 0 0

via BREMEN or SOUTHAMPTON

return

123 0 0 83 0 0 49 0 0

* In the event of the passenger leaving the Mail Steamer at Naples, Genoa or Gibraltair and
travelling to Bremen or Southampton overland the same rates to be applied as via NAPLES,
GENOA or GIBRALTAR, but in this case the cost of the railway trip, etc., to be at passenger's
expense.

Tour via India:

Passengers have the option of using a Steamer of the British India S. N. Co. from
SINGAPORE TO CALCUTTA instead of an Imperial Mail steamer from Singapore to Colombo.
The cost of the journey from Calcutta to Colombo by rail or steamer is, however, not included.

INTERRUPTION OF THE VOYAGE IN EGYPT:

Passengers to European and New-York are entitled to travel by the N. D. L. Mediterranean
Steamers from ALEXANDRIA, to Naples or Marseilles instead of using an Imperial Mail Steamer
from PORT SAID.

JAPAN-CHINA-AUSTRALIAN LINE.

VIA NEW GUINEA.

FOR MANILA, SIMPSONHAFEN, FRIEDRICH WILHELMSHAFEN,
HERBERTSHOEHE, MATUPI, BRISBANE, SYDNEY
AND MELBOURNE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

STEAMERS	SAILING DATES
PRINZ WALDEMAR	THURSDAY 28th Feb.
PRINZ SIGISMUND	THURSDAY 28th Mar.
MANILA	THURSDAY 25th April

ON THURSDAY, the 28th February, at Noon, the Steamship "PRINZ WALDEMAR,"
Captain Woltemas, with Maels, Passengers and Cargo, will leave this port as above.

The Steamer has splendid accommodation and carries a Doctor and a Stewardess.

Linen can be washed on board.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY FROM HONGKONG:	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class	1st Class	2nd Class
To MANILA	\$50	\$30	\$20	return	\$80
To NEW GUINEA	\$28	\$18	\$14	return	\$47
To BRISBANE	\$30	\$20	\$14	return	\$54
To SYDNEY	\$33	\$23	\$15	return	\$58
To MELBOURNE	\$34	\$24	\$16	return	\$62
To YOKOHAMA	\$80	\$50	\$40	return	\$170
To KOBE	\$95	\$60	\$50	return	\$200
To YOKOHAMA and back from KOBE to HONGKONG	\$140	\$90	\$70	return	\$300

THROUGH RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY FROM HONGKONG: 1st Class

To EUROPE via AUSTRALIA and COLOMBO by Imperial Mail Steamer 237 0 0.

To EUROPE via AUSTRALIA and AMERICA 237 0 0.

From Australia to New York via Vancouver by the J.P.R. Co.'s steamers, or via San
Francisco by the O. & O.S.S. Co.'s steamers, and from New York to Europe by the Magnificent
Express Steamers of N.D.L.

SAILINGS OUTWARDS.

EUROPEAN & AUSTRALIAN SERVICE

SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, "PRINZESS ALICE" ... Wednesday, 13th Feb.

KOBE & YOKOHAMA "PRINZ LUDWIG" ... Wednesday, 27th Feb.

SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, "PRINZ LUDWIG" ... Wednesday, 27th Feb.

KOBE & YOKOHAMA "PRINZ LUDWIG" ... Wednesday, 27th Feb.

TRANS-PACIFIC THROUGH TICKETS FROM HONGKONG via Vancouver or San
Francisco to New York by the C.P.R. Co.'s steamers P.M.S.S. Co., O. & O.S.S. Co.,
T. K. K. and from New York to Europe by the Magnificent Express Steamers of the
Norddeutscher Lloyd are issued at the following Rates:—

To	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
To London via Plymouth or Southampton	262 0 0	163 0 0	83 10 0
To Bremen	262 0 0	163 0 0	83 10 0
To Paris via Cherbourg	262 0 0	163 0 0	83 10 0
To Naples, Genoa via Gibraltair	65 0 0	42 0 0	23 0 0

Passage money payable in local currency at current eight Bank, rate of Exchange on the
day of payment.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

For further Particulars, apply to

MELOHRS & CO., AGENTS.

PASSENGER SEASON 1907.

IN 25 DAYS TO ITALY

BY THE

MAGNIFICENT N.D.L. LINERS:

Tons Reg.

"PRINZESS ALICE" 10,911, ON MARCH 18TH.
CAPT. CH. POLACK.

Tons Reg.

"PRINZ LUDWIG" 10,500, ON MARCH 27TH.
CAPT. VON BINZER.

CALLING AT NAPLES, GENOA, GIBRALTAR AND
SOUTHAMPTON TO LAND PASSENGERS.

EARLY BOOKING RECOMMENDED.

For PARTICULARS, APPLY TO

MELOHRS & CO.,

AGENTS.

Hongkong, 12th October, 1906.

1207

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY'S ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

LUXURY—SPEED—PUNCTUALITY.

THE ONLY LINE THAT MAINTAINS A REGULAR SCHEDULE SERVICE OF STEAMERS
11 days across the Pacific to the "EMPRESS LINE," Saving 5 to 10 days' Ocean Travel,
11 DAYS YOKOHAMA to VANCOUVER,
18 DAYS HONGKONG to VANCOUVER.

R.M.S.	PROPOSED SAILINGS	(Subject to Alteration)	LEAVE HONGKONG	ARRIVE VANCOUVER
"EMPRESS OF INDIA"	6,000	THURSDAY, 14th Feb.	4th Mar.	
"ATHENIAN"	3,882	WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb.	16th Mar.	
"MONTEAGLE"	6,163	WEDNESDAY, 27th Feb.	23rd Mar.	
"EMPRESS OF JAPAN"	6,000	THURSDAY, 14th Mar.	1st April	
"TARTAR"	4,425	WEDNESDAY, 27th Mar.	20th April	
"EMPRESS OF CHINA"	6,000	THURSDAY, 11th April	29th April	

"EMPRESS" Steamers will depart from HONGKONG at 4 P.M.
Intermediate Steamers at 12 Noon.

THE Quickest route to CANADA, UNITED STATES and EUROPE, calling at
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI (through the INLAND SEA OF JAPAN), KOBE,
YOKOHAMA and VICTORIA, B.C. Connecting at VANCOUVER with a Special Mail
Express, and at St. JOHN, N.B. with the Co.'s NEW PALATIAL "EMPRESS" Steamships,
and 24 days from HONGKONG. The through transit to LIVERPOOL being 22 days from YOKOHAMA.

Hongkong to London, 1st Class, via St. Lawrence 280; via New York 262.

Intermediate or Steamers 240; and 1st Class Railways 240.

R.M.S. "MONTEAGLE," "TARTAR" and "ATHENIAN" carry Intermediate

passengers only, at Intermediate rates, affording superior accommodation for that class.

Passengers Booked through to all points and AROUND THE WORLD.

SPECIAL RATES (First class only) granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval
Military, Diplomatic, and Civil Services, and to European Officials in the Service of China
and Japan Governments.

For further information, Maps, Routes, Handbooks, Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to

D. W. CRADDOCK, General Traffic Agent for China,
Corner Pedder Street and Praya opposite Blake Pier.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN

REGULAR THREE-WEEKLY SERVICE BETWEEN

JAVA, CHINA AND JAPAN.

STEAMER	FROM	EXPECTED ABOUT	WILL LEAVE FOR	ON OR ABOUT
TJILIWONG	JAPAN	First half of February	JAVA PORTS	First half of February
TJILATJAP	JAPAN	First half of February	JAVA PORTS	First half of February
TJIMAH	JAPAN	First half of February	JAPAN	First half of February
TJIPANAS	JAPAN	First half of March	JAPAN	First half of March
TJIBODAS	JAPAN	First half of March	JAVA PORTS	First half of March

The Steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light and have accommodation for a
limited number of Saloon Passengers, and will take Cargo to all Netherlands-Indian ports on
through Bills of Lading.

For Particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to the

HEAD AGENCY OF THE

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

York Buildings, 1st Floor.

Hongkong, 30th January, 1907.

Telephone No. 375.

19

By Royal
Warrant to

His Majesty
The King.

BOVRIL

is guaranteed the product
of the finest Ox Beef.

A small quantity of BOVRIL added to Soups,
Curries, Stews, &c., increases their nutritive
value and improves their flavour.

Cutler, Palmer & Co's

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.

Flora, 2nd class cruiser, 4,360 tons, 10 guns, 7,000 h.p., Capt. Grant Dalton, Weihaiwei	Handy, torpedo-boat destroyer, 260 tons, 6 guns, 4,000 h.p., Lieut.-Comdr. Cox, Hongkong	Hart, torpedo-boat destroyer, 260 tons, 6 guns, 4,000 h.p., Lieut.-Comdr. P. Hensinger	Heaton, Hongkong	Jani, torpedo-boat destroyer, 280 tons, 6 guns, 3,800 h.p., Lt.-Comdr. Darwall, en route Hongkong	Kent, cruiser, armoured, 9,800 tons, 14 guns, 22,000 h.p., Captain S. V. Yde Husey, Manila	King Alfred, British cruiser, 14,000 tons, Capt. Cecil F. Thureby, Manila	Kinsla, river gunboat, 331 tons, Lieut.-Comdr. F. Crabtree, Shanghai	Monmouth, cruiser, 3,900 tons, Capt. J. A. Tuke, Manila	Moorhen, river gunboat, 180 tons, 2 guns, Lieut.-Comdr. Vaughan, West River	Nightingale, river gunboat, 85 tons, 2 guns, 240 h.p., Lieut.-Comdr. R. S. Roy, R.N., Shanghai	Otter, torpedo-boat destroyer, 350 tons, 6 guns, 4,300 h.p., Lt.-Comdr. Kid lit, en route Hongkong	Robin, river gunboat, 85 tons, 2 guns, 240 h.p., Lieut.-Comdr. W. Scott, West River	Sandpiper, river gunboat, 85 tons, 2 guns, 240 h.p., Lieut.-Comdr. H. T. Atley, West River	Snipe, river gunboat, 85 tons, 2 guns, 240 h.p., Lieut.-Comdr. T. J. S. Lyne, Yangtze	Taku, torpedo boat destroyer, Hongkong	Tamar, receiving ship, 4,800 tons, 6 guns, Commodore H. P. Williams, at Hongkong	Teal, river gunboat, 180 tons, 2 guns, Lieut.- Comdr. Seaton, on Yangtze	Thistle, gunboat, 710 tons, 90 h.p., Lieut.- Comdr. West, Yangtze	Virago, torpedo-boat destroyer, 360 tons, 6 guns, 4,300 h.p., Lieut.-Comdr. Stevenson, Hongkong	Waterwitch, surveying ship, 620 tons 450 h.p., Comdr. A. W. Glennie, Long Harbour	Whiting, torpedo-boat destroyer, 390 tons, 6 guns, 5,900 h.p., Lieut.-Comdr. C. E. L. Thomas, Hongkong	Widgeon, gunboat, 195 tons, 2 guns, 800 h.p., Lt.-Comdr. G.
---	---	---	------------------	---	---	--	---	--	--	---	--	--	---	--	--	---	---	--	--	--	--	--

